TRY TRICKS ON ROOSEVELT, TAMMANY OFFICIALS, PRITT GAMI

Eithu Root Charges Surrestitious and Ex-traordinary Proceedings in the Certi-orari Case-Tax Fild in Spite of Tam-many While She Door Fild Engling Act The singular spectacle of an officer of the By attempting to prevent a citizen from pays ing his taxes was presented yesterday in Par III. of the Supreme Court when Assistant Obrporation Counsel John N. Ward. appearing for the Commissioners of Taxes and Asto prevent the discontinuance of the cer-tiorari proceedings brought by Col. Theodore oseveit's attorneys without his knowledge to review the assessment of his personal es tate for taxation in this city. It added to the singularity of the proceeding to have the charge made in open court by Col. Roosewalt's counsel that the case was improperly on calendar, that the Corporation Counsel had never notified Col. Roosevelt's attorneys

with Qal. Roosevelt began the eartforari pro-ceedings. When Col. Roosevelt returned and ceedings. When Col. Boosevelt returned and heard of this he directed that the proceed ing be discontinued. The Commissioners of Taxes refused to assent. Such refusal was nost unusual and could be explained only on the ground that, being Tammany officehold ers, they hoped to extract some small political capital out of the case.

On the refusal of the Tax Commissioners to consent to a discontinuance of the unauthor ized proceedings, Mr. Roosevelt's attorneys, John E. Roosevelt and James A. Speer, went before Justice Cohen on Saturday and got an order directing the Commissioners to show cause why they should not consent. This order is returnable before Justice Smyth in Part I. of the Supreme Court on Monday, Oct 10. and Justice Cohen directed in granting it that the original proceeding be stayed until the hearing and determination on the order to show cause.

Nevertheless the certiorari proceedings were put on the calendar in Part III. resterday.

Mr. Roose reit's attorneys were not notified that the certiorari proceedings were to come up, and it was only through accident that they learned of it. When they were called Elihu of the hearing, that no record of the filing of a

calendar is a way which was not entered on
the resords of the sour, and that the attempt
should be finde to bring it on without any noties to Cot. Hoosevelt, as the law requires.

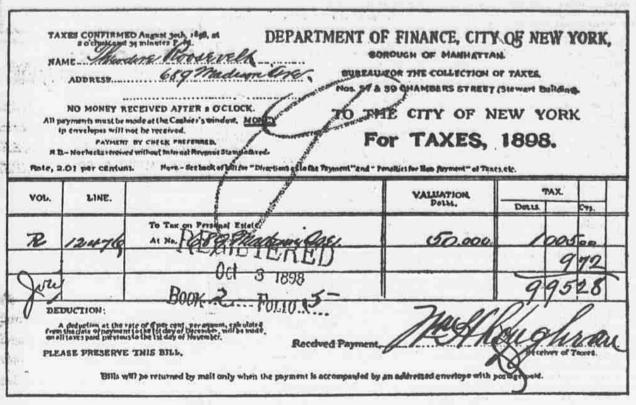
"Probably I had better set this down for
Oct 11 and see what justice Smyth does,"
and justice Daly. "It may relieve us."

"I do not want any course to be taken, "said
Mr. Root, "which concedes that this case is
properly on the calendar, so if your Honor
sets it down for Oct. 11, you do it against my
objection that it does not belong there. It
would be interesting to know when the note
of issue was filed."
"On Sept. 21 to the best of my recollection,"
said Mr. Ward. "It would be interesting for
me to know on what you base your statement
that the 'records show that no note of issue
was filed."

that the "records show that no note of issue was filed."

"Upon the statement of the gentleman who examined them," replied Mr. Root, promptly,
"You did not examins them yourself?"
asked Mr. Ward.
"No, sir." said Mr. Root.
"I say that I filed it and paid the clerk's fee," said Mr. Ward.
"It is extraordinary," repeated Mr. Root, "the refusal of the Corporation Counsel to a discontinuance in the ordinary method, a thing I never knew of before—and I do not believe that your Honor did—the failure to give us any notice of this proceeding, and the fact that it got on the calendar without anything in the record of the court to show a filling of the note of issue at the proper time."

"I deny that," said Mr. Ward. "I ask your Honor to permit me to go to the record."



RECEIPT FOR ROOSEVELT'S TAX. PAID IN SPITE OF TAMMANY.

note of issue was on the court records, where it should have been, and that the only eason Col. Roosevelt was represented in court at all was because the newspapers had announced that the case was coming up.

When the certiorari proceedings were brought Mr. Roosevelt, as Colonel of the First Volunteer Cavalry, was fighting before Santiago de Cuba. Before taking the field he had written this letter to his cousin and attorney: NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, March 25, 1898, Roosevelt, 145 and 45 Wall Street, New

Washington, March 25, 1888, i Fork City.

Dear Jack: I do not want to lose my vote this fall, and therefore I will just pay the penalty and pay those taxes in New York. Is it practical to alter matters so as to have me taxed at Oyster Bay? Would this be practical or not? If not, then I will pay in New York, anyway. I do not want to seem to sneak out of, anything, nor do I wish to lose my vote two years in succession. Won't you, then, ask Douglas to go over my taxable property and see if I cannot get off for less than \$50,000? That is an outrageous price and absurd to pay. I am very much obliged for what you have done. We are all on edge about the report here. Faithfully yours.

His attorneys decided to dispute the assess ment in this city and without consultation

BROOKLYN CONGRESS NOMINEES. The Democratic Candidates Were Named

Last Night-A Machine Slate. The Democratic Congress conventions in Brooklyn were held last night, and were for the most part tame gatherings, their work having been already cut out by the now allpowerful Willoughby street machine. A week there were probably a dozen aspirants for the nomination in the Second district, including ex-District-Attorney James W. Ridgway, James O. Cleveland, and Alden S. Swan, but an obscure dark horse in the person of John J. Fitzgerald, a young lawyer of the Seventh ward, carried off the prize without even the sign of a struggle. The decree that he should be named had only been sent out three hours ahead of the meeting of the convention, and all the other candidates preemitately withdraw.

Mr. Matthew J. McKenna, who is also young. and without doubt a good deal of a patriot, was and without doubt a good deal of a parrior, was guilty of an indiscretion in his speech nomi-nating Mr. Fitzgerald, for which he is likely to be "called down," as it promulgated ideas not altogether in harmony with prevailing Demo-cratic doctrine. He declared that wherever the flag had been righteously unfurled in the re-cent glorious war "there it should remain," and the grand work of Dewey should not be undone.

cent glorious war "there it should remain." and the grand work of Dewey should not be undone.

The sentiment elicited a warm outburst of applause from the spectators in the gallery, but Mr. McKenna's fellow delegates on the floor were significantly unappreciative.

In the Third district Congressman John H. Driggs had a walkover for a renomination. He was elected last year to fill the unexpired term of Congressman Wilson, his victory over William B. Frendergast, the Republican candidate, resulting from the unfortunate party complications in the Mayoralty contest. This year the Republicans have again given Mr. Prendergast a nomination, and as the district has a normal Republican majority of over 3,000. Mr. Driggs is not likely to return to Washington as its representative.

In the Fourth district Capt. Bertram C. Clayton of Troop C was nominated with a hurrah. Hedoes not live in the district, but this drawback, in the estimation of the Democratic leaders, was more than counterbalanced by his fine military record. Capt. Clayton organized the troop and accompanied it to Porto Rico. He spent over a week in the hospital after his return. He is a West Point graduate, and this in his first venture in the political field.

No Democrate so far could be found willing to make the race in the Fifth district, where there is an overwhelming Republican majority, and the convention was adjourned until Friday night.

night.
Mitchell May, a popular young Hebrew law-yer, was nominated in the Sixth district.

SENATOR WHITE RENOMINATED.

The Name of Col. Boosevelt Received with Wild Cheers and Applause. SYRACUSE, Oct. 3.-The Republican County Convention, held in this city to-day, unant mously renominated Senator Horace

Several former members of the McKinley League were prominent in the convention. and spoke indorsing Senator White as a candidate upon whom the party in Onondaga would have no difficulty in uniting. It was a most enthusiastic convention, and references to Theodore Roosevelt by all of the speakers were received with wild cheers and appliates. Senator White, in accepting the aominario, paid an eloquent tribute to Col. Roosevelt, and said. "It is my carnest hope that I may be permitted to join Gov. Roosevelt in his labors to purify, to strengthen, to elevate our institutions. I believe the people of this county will realize that they can be best served by electing those who can labor in harmony with him. Able, independent, and fearless, the election of Theodore Roosevelt will mark a new era in the politics of this State, i.e. broad and liberal policy will mark his course; a downless energy will characterize his efforts. His nomination was the result of no wirepulling or scheme; it was an overwhelming uprising of the people, a splendid wave of patriotic enthusiasm for one whose character is a guarantee for faithful service, whose bravery has been tested upon the awful fields of war." Theodore Roosevelt by all of the speakers were

Justice Van Wyck's Resignation Takes

Annayt. Oct. 3.—The community of Angustus
Van Wyck of Brooklyn, the Democratic nomines for Governor, as a Justice of the Supreme
Court, was filed with the Secretary of State today. The resignation takes offeet immediately.

Root, who appeared for Col. Roosevelt, informed Justice Daly of the pending order to show cause, which stayed the certioriari proceeding. Mr. Root added that there were two things he wished to say. One was that the certiorari proceeding had been begun while Mr. Roosevelt was at Santiago de Cuba and without his knowledge; that immediately on his return to New York he had directed its discontinuance; that a stipulation to that effect in the ordinary form had been sent to the Corporation Counsel, who had refused to consent. This, Mr. Root said, was a wholly unprecedented thing. Accordingly, an order to show cause why the city should not consent to a discontinuance had been obtained with a stay of proceedings in the meantime, and that stay was still in force. The hearing on the order to show cause had been put over until Monday, the 10th.

"The other thing to be said," Mr. Root went

order to show cause had been put over until Monday, the 10th.

"The other thing to be said," Mr. Root went on, "is that this case was improperly on the calendar; that the Corporation Counsel has never given to Mr. Roosevelt's attorneys any notice of the hearing of the case; that no record of the filing of a note of issue appears on the records of the court where it belongs, and that the only reason why Mr. Roosevelt's representatives happen to be here at all is because they saw in a newspaper that the case was on the calendar."

Mr. Root said that it was an extraordinary combination of circumstances that the Corporation Counsel should refuse to permit the discontinuance of a case against the city, that the case should be surreptitiously put on the

NEW JERSEY REPUBLICANS.

State Senator This Week.

The New Jersey Republican State Commit-

tee met in the committee rooms in the Pru-

dential building at Newark yesterday after

noon and again elected Franklin Murphy

Chairman, in spite of his previous declination

mously. The other members present were

William Bettle of Camden, J. H. Conger of Middlesex, H. A. Potter and H. M. Doremus of

Essex, A. Blair Kelsey of Warren, Richard B.

Reading of Hunterdon, A. M. Bradshaw of

Ocean, T. W. Trenchard of Cumberland, George Hires of Salem, John J. Gardner of At-

lantic, R. T. Goodman of Sussex, C. E. Breek-enridge of Bergen, John P. Landrine and E. S.

Wooley of Hudson, John Kean of Union and

Charles N. Robinson of Camden, the colored

Acting Gov. Voorhees was present, as were

Congressman R. Wayne Parker, Charles N

COLORED DEMOCRATS MEET TO-DAY.

New York Delegates Left Last Night for the

Convention in Syracuse.

A convention of Afro-American Democrate

of the State will be held in Syracuse to-day, and about 200 New York delegates left for that

city last night. The delegates assembled in the headquarters of the United Colored De-

mocracy of Tammany Hall at 153 West Fifty

then to Fifty-eighth street, passing the Dem

then to Fifty-eighth street, passing the Demo-cratic Club, where the parade was applauded by a number of Democrats. The delegates then marched to Forty-second street and left over the West Shore Kaliroad for Syracuse.

Mayor J. K. McGuire of Syracuse will deliver an address of welcome to the delegates. The convention will be called to order by Charles E. Brown of New York, the Chairman of the State Afro-American Democratic Committee. James A. Ross of Buffalo will be the temporary Chair-man of the Convention and Dr. J. E. W. Thomp-son, ex-United States Minister to Hayti, will be the permanent Chairman. The convention will indorse the nominees of the Democratic party.

BROOKLYN SENATE NOMINEES.

Bepublican Candidates Named Last Night

-Only One Renomination

The Republican Senatorial conventions in

Brooklyn were held last night, and although the official primaries had pretty clearly fore-

second street and marched to Fifth avenue and

member of the committee.

He was not present, but was elected unani-

"I do not doubt that it is there now." Mr. Boot said.

"You mean to insinuate when I say I filed it on the 21st"— Mr. Ward began.

"I will put the case down for the 11th." broke in Justice Daily, ending the discussion. Mr. Root said he objected to this course, but would submit to the court.

Mr. Ward said that there was nothing political in the Corporation Counsel's attitude, but that he didn't want to have the city receive Col. Boosevelt's money "unless it could be shown planly that Col Roosevelt was

litical in the Corporation Counsel's attitude, but that he didn't want to have the city receive Col. Hoosevelt's money "unless it could be shown plainly that Col. Roosevelt was a resident of the State."

While this argument was going on in the Supreme Court the taxes on \$50,000, the amount at which Col. Hoosevelt's personal property was assessed in this city, were paid to the Receiver of Taxes in the Stewart building. The taxes amounted to \$1,005. Payment was made by means of a certified check, paid to the Receiver by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, acting as Col. Roosevelt's agents. The law provides that a robate shall be made to all persons who pay their taxes promptly. Yesterday was the first day on which taxes were receivable, and Col. Roosevelt received \$9.72 change from the city in recognition of his promptness. This is the tax which the Corporation Counsel appears to be engaged in trying to prevent Col. Roosevelt from paying, and over which the court proceedings reported above arose. The Receiver of Taxes did not hesitate about accepting the money and a facsimile of the receipt given to Col. Roosevelt is here given.

BALLOTS FOR NEW YORK SOLDIERS Acting Governor Voorhees May Resign as The Machinery for Taking Their Votes Has

ALBANY, Oct. 3.-Secretary of State Palmer has completed the machinery for taking the rotes of New York State soldiers at the front at this fall's election with the exception of distributing the ballots, which will be done this week. The Secretary expects that he will have to furnish ballots for the First Regiment, now stationed at Honolulu; the Twelfth, at Lexing-ton; the Twenty-second, at Fort Slocum; the Forty-seventh, at Fort Adams (now ordered to Porto Rico); the Sixty-ninth, at Huntsville, Ala., and the 201st, 202d, and 203d regiments. at Camp Meade. The Secretary of State has already secured a registration list of the voters in these regiments, with the exception of the Twelfth and the 201st, which are expected this week. The Secretary anticipates no trouble in getting the ballots and nominations to the above-named regiments, though there may be some doubt as to whether the blank ballots will reach the Astor Battery at Manila in time. Copies of the Soldier Voting law, registry list and the necessary instructions were forwarded to the commanding officer of this battery some weeks ago, but the registry lists have not yet been returned from there. For this reason the Secretary of State has no knowledge as to how many of that battery are residents and entitled to vote in this State. However, even though the official blank ballots do not reach Manila, there is a provision in the law whereby the soldiers may vote on unofficial ballots and the nominations will be cabled there by the Secretary of State via Hong Kong.

The Secretary of State has been advised from week. The Secretary anticipates no trouble Acting Gov. Voorhees was present, as were Congressman R. Wayne Parker, Charles N. Fowler, and Mahlon Pitney. The Acting Governor had selected Congressman Fowler as a member at large to take the place of Barker Gummere and Congressman Pitney acted for George W. Richards of Dover. Vice-President Garret A. Robart entered after the meeting opened and was greeted with applause. He said that the condition of party affairs in New Jersey was highly satisfactory.

Augustus S. Barber, Jr., of Gloucester county was unanimously chosen as permanent Secretary and W. Scott Snrder was again made Assistant Secretary. The post of Treasurer of the committee was again tendered to John Rean of Union, and he declined it. The vacancy will be filled by the Executive Committee.

There was some informal talk about Acting Gov. Voorhees resigning as State Senator from Union county, but no definite action was taken, though the committee agreed that it would be better to resign now than later on. It is believed that Senator Voorhees will resign this week.

After the meeting of the committee adiourned, the Executive Committee went into session and Major Anderson presided. Mr. Franklin Murphy was elected Chairman after Vice-President Hobart resigned. Mr. Murphy is expected home to-day and another meeting will be held to-morrow.

cabled there by the Secretary of State via Hong Kong.

The Secretary of State has been advised from Washington that the Second, Third, Eighth, Ninth, Fourteenth, Sixty-fifth and Seventy-first regiments and the three hatteries will undoubtedly be mustered out in time for the members to vote at their homes on election day. It is estimated that between 10,000 and 11,000 men from this State will be in the volunteer service about election time and that about 7,500 are voters. The Secretary of State is having 15,000 hallots printed as he must turnish two for each voter. The Secretary of State says he will have no trouble in reaching any of the regiments which may be sent to Porto Rico or Cuba.

MR. WALKER'S COAT AND TEMPER. The Congressman Renominated in Spite of

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 3.-Congressman Joseph H. Walker was nominated for the sixth time by the Republicans of the Third Congressional district here to-day. The feature of the convention was an attack made upon the Congressman by Capt. J. M. Cochran of Southbridge, who said that Mr. Walker was

not the best man available.
"He has ability and a temper," said Capt. Cochran. "He loses his temper. He lost it Cochran. "He loses his temper. He lost it once in Congress. He is not eaim or considerate, and in consequence his finance hill is no further along to-day than it was five years ago. Mr. Waiker has a national reputation, it is true, but he got it by taking off his coat in debate."

The opposition received only 10 votes, however, to Walker's Si.
Samuel McCall was unanimously renominated for a fourth term in Congress from the Eighth district.

Monmouth County Democrats Dodge

Bryanism. LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 3.-The Monmouth County Democratic Convention, held at Free

hold this afternoon, nominated the following hold this afternoon, nominated the inhowing ticket without opposition: For County Clerk, Theodore Aumack of Keyport: Assemblymen, B. Drummond Woolley of Long Branch, Joseph C. Heyer of Holmdel and J. L. Butcher of Farmingdale. The convention ratified the platform on which Elvin W. Crane was noninated for Governor, without reference to the silver issue.

vice examination resterday in room 173 in the Federal building. The names of such of the candidates as pass will be added to the list of those awaiting appointment. This list already includes over 1,000 applicants from this city.

CITS FALLING INTO LINE

SUPPORT REPUBLICANS FOR BENATE AND ASSEMBLY

and Will Have No General Legislative Ticket-Republicans Expected in Turn to Neminate Daly, Cohen and Odell. The Cits decided last night at the Twenty third street headquarters not to nominate a full legislative ticket in this city but to endorse the Republican candidates, where they were found to be up to the moral standard re guired by the Cits. In return the Republi cans, it is understood, are to nominate Justices Daly and Cohen and Hamilton Odell for the Supreme Court. These candidates have already been named by the Citizens' Union This arrangement will undoubtedly strengthen the Republican ticket in the Assembly and Senate districts and will be a sad blow to Tam-Everett P. Wheeler, who, as a member of the Bar Association, has been endeavoring for some time to bring about some such agreement, said last night that he would not be sur-prised now if the Citizens' State Party with-drew its State ticket. Isaac H. Riein, known also as Kleiner Isaac said that he guessed not. The Cits' Campaign Committee passed this

also as Kleiner Isaac said that he guessed not. The Cits Campaign Committee passed this resolution:

"Resolved. That the Citizens' Union make no nominations this fall except for Justices of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial department, comprising the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, and for a Judge of the City Court of New York; that it co-operate in reference to such nominations with the Committee on Judicial Nominations of the Bar Association of the city of New York, with the view of nominating such candidates for judicial office as shall be approved by the bar of the city of New York, irrespective of political affiliations, and that in making such nominations the union will select from those nominated by other organizations such persons as in their opinion, after a conference with said Committee on Judicial Nominations, shall appear to be most fitted for the judicial offices for which they may be respectively nominated."

Mr. Klein got this added:

"Provided, however, that separate nominations for the Senate and Assembly may be made in separate Senatorial and Assembly districts, if in the judgment of the Executive Committee and the district committees of such Assembly districts it is expedient so to do."

At a meeting of the Central City Committee aletter was prepared in reply to the letter sent to the committee by Charles Stewart Smith, John B. Pine and others last week protesting against the use of the name and emplem of the union in a State campaign. A letter was received from Paul Fuller of the "Independent Citizens" Committees, releasing the Central Committee from its pledge of the use of its name and emblem on the independent State ticket, which, as Mr. Fuller puts it, Col. Rooseveit "deserted."

VAN WYCK NOT TALKING. Bepublicans Interested in the Vacancy on

the Supreme Court Bench. Augustus Van Wyck, the Democratic nomi-

nee for Governor, had many callers, including a small army of reporters, at his home, 172 Hancock street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning. After telling the reporters that he could not answer any questions for the present, he slipped around the corner to his barber's for a brush-up and on his way back to his house stopped at a drug store for a glass of soda. An hour later he again emerged from the house ecompanied by Mrs. Van Wyck. They took a trolley car for Manhattan, and separating at this side of the bridge, Candidate Van Wyck went to the City Hall and joined his brother the Mayor. Mr. Van Wyck was back in Brook lyn early in the afternoon and spent a few hours in the Court House and Brooklyn Club He was stopped every few steps he took in the

hours in the Court House and Brooklyn Club. He was stopped every few steps he took in the neighborhood of the borough hall to receive handshakes and congratulations.

The Republican managers are much interested in the choice by Gov. Black of a successor to Justice Van Wyck for his unexpired term. Col. Michael J. Dady, the Chairman of the Executive Committee, went to Albany yesterday in the interest, it was said, of Fred A. Ward, who is one of the leading candidates for a judiciary nomination. There are several other Republican leaders who strongly favor exsenator Charles H. Russell, and the Governor is also likely to hear from them. As Justice Jesse Johnson is alated for renomination, the other place on the ticket will almost assuredly go to either ex-Senator Russell or Mr. Ward. The choice of the Governor may have a determining effect on the action of the convention. Little reliance was placed in the rumor circulated yesterday that Gov. Black might name Senator Lexow.

It is understood by the Democratic managers that Candidate Van Wyck proposes to make a number of speeches during the campaign and that his first appearance on the platform will be at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn next Monday night. Just as soon as Mr. Van Wyck sets the ball rolling, twenty-one rallies, one for each election district, are to be held each night in that borough.

Two Enthusiastic Ratification Meetings There was a mass meeting of the Republi cans of the Eleventh Assembly district at 265 West Thirty-fourth street last night. A large crowd was present and the speakers were heartily cheered. Jacob Fowler presided. Besoutions indorsing the nomination of Theo

dore Roosevelt were adopted amid great enthusiasm. The Riverside Republican Club held a ratification meeting last night at 157 West Seventy-seventh street. All the Republican voters in the Twenty-first Assembly district turned out to attend. The names of Col. Roosevelt and other candidates on the State ticket were heartily cheered. President Armitage Matthews presided at the meeting.

MOTHER CAT SETTLED IT.

Fight for Possession of a Mouse by Two Kittens Ended When She Came.

The usual crowd was seated at the tables in Park row beanery shortly before midnight and the waiters were putting in their busiest hour serving "beef and" when the shrill squeal of a mouse, followed by the plaintive mew of a tabby, startled every one in the place. Almost immediately a mouse darted out of the kitchen, hotly pursued by a little black and white kitten, which in its headlong flight came out of the kitchen head over heels. Straight for the cashier's counter the mouse made, with the kitten catching up at every jump. Finally the kitten made a spring and captured the the kitten made a spring and captured the mouse. There was a squealing, purring and mewing for a couple of minutes, and then the kitten began to strut about with its prey as if in doubt what to do next.

At this juncture another kitten came running out of the kitchen. It took in the situation at a glance, and then began a struggle between the kittens for possession of the mouse. They scratched, mewed, sputtered, and clawed each other, and every now and then the mouse, which was released, tried to make off, but both kittens were watchful and were after it like a flash.

kittens were watchful and were after it like a flash.

Men left the tables and formed a circle around the combatants to watch the fun. First one would get it, then the other, and thus it went on, when a third cat, the mother of the kittens appeared on the scene and settled the dispute for possession by pushing one kitten aside with her paw and clawing the other. Then grabbing the now almost lifeless mouse, she made off in the direction of the kitchen. When the kittens recovered they stood for an instant blinking their eyes at each other, and then they also bolted for the kitchen.

LIVES ON A FLATBOAT.

The Domicile of Mr. Bonier While Seeking

a Divorce at Fargo. FARGO, N. D., Oct. 3.-Under the spreading branches of the oak trees on the banks of the Red River of the North, at the edge of Island Park, in this city, there has been anchored for several months a small flatboat. During these months, comfortably housed in its cabin, have lived Augustine Bonier of Woonsocket, R. I., and his young grandson. With spring, Bonier, a man of possibly 60 years, came to Fargo, and, taking up his residence at a hotel, caused and, taking up his residence at a hotel, caused this flatboat to be constructed. The cabin was fitted with a small kitchen and dining room, and equipped with all articles necessary for the comfort of himself and his youthful associate. While at the hotel he kept to his room and made no acquaintances, and after taking up his abode in the boat for many weeks he did not touch his feet on land. In favorable weather he could be seen lying at ease in a hammock swung on the fore-deck. Curious passers by day after day failed to reach a satisfactory conclusion as to what the mission of the old man might be.

In course of time the case was partly cleared up, when in the District Court Judge Pollock called the divorce proceedings of Augustine Bonier against Amiranda Bonier, and the old man of the boat appeared as plaintiff. According to the papers filed in the action. Bonier was formerly a resident of Woonsocket, where his wife. Amiranda, still has her home. The first hearing in court was on an application of the defendant for temporary alimony and attorneys' foos, which was granted. The complaint filed by Bonier is very voluminous and cites many instances of cruelty, on which ground a decree is asked.

LIVE TOPICS ABOUT TOWN.

Many New York women have recently re ceived from Paris large envelopes surrounded with a mourning band of a blackness and unusual here. The large card inclosed contained the names of about thirty persons, all relatives of a famous French dress maker who died recently in Paris. His name was nearly as well known in this country as that of the famous Worth, and his establishment was probably known to a larger number of visiting Americans, as it was on the Rue de la Paix, near the Avenue de l'Opéra. This was Edouard Doucet. He was 77 years old at the time of his death. Another well-known establishment has thus passed from the control of the founder. Next to Worth, Doucet had become about the best known of the Prench dressmakers. It used to be said of Doucet that for many years he made only negligé and eyening tollets for French women and was restricted by them to those styles. It was the American women who first employed him to make costumes of another kind, confident that a person with such taste could succeed in other branches of his trade. Their opinion was justified by his performances when he attempted this new departure, and it was not long before the Paris women necepted him in the line of work which the Americans suggested to him. M. Doucet had more than the usual fondness for his American patrons, and felt that he, even more than the other famous Freuch tailors, owed his prosperity to them, as without their initiative he would have continued forever probably only at the work which the French women were willing to take from him.

Miss Eloise Morgan, who is to sing this afnent was probably known to a larger num-

Miss Eloise Morgan, who is to sing this afternoon at the first Chickering Hall concert. is gradually increasing in seriousness and dig-nity. It was she who suddenly disappeared from the ranks of a Hoyt burlesque company several years ago and was not heard of here again until her friends learned that she had gone to Europe to study straing. She was at that time one of the young women in a small chorus and played a boy's part. She was known by a much more soubrettish name than Eloise Morgan. After a few years she returned to New York and made her debut in comic opera under the dignified chaperonage of the Bostonians in "Prince Ananias." Then it was as Miss Eloise D. Morgan that she introduced herself after the advantages of foreign study and travel. The atmosphere of comic opera seemed to be no more suited to her taste than that of the Hoyt burlesque. She soon drouped out, and now comes before the public as a concert singer. This time there is no change of name to mark the transition from comic opera to classical concert. If Miss Morgan, with or without the middle initial, shows the same improvement when she appears before the concert audience this afternoon that she did two years ago, the lack of the middle initial will never be noticed and she will be welcomed back, whatever she calls herself. that time one of the young women in a small

The action of the police in construing the liquor law liberally in reference to the music halls ought to encourage those managers who think that every theatre should have its own bar and not be forced to send its patrons out into the street when they leave their seats between the acts. Some of them have barrooms so conveniently situated that a trip through the streets is not at all necessary and others have managed to make that trip a short one. But it remains for the theatres to possess their own bars as they exist in London Charles Frohman, who learned the advantages of the London plan from his experience in England, was the first of the managers to make an effort toward establishing a bar for the patrons of his Empire. Maurice Grau followed his example, and the convenience of the adjunct in the case of the Metropolitan was appreciated by everybody who has seen the processions of men turning up their coat collars in a vain endeavor to protect themselves against the combination of the wintry air and the exposure of evening dress. It cannot be disputed, of course, that it would be better for them to drink lemonade at the buffer rather than run such a risk; but so long as they reject the lemonade they should not be compelled to face the chance of pneumonia. That the theatre har might be conducted under less dignified conditions was well understood, and in view of the character of some entertainments that have lately invaded Broadway, this possibility seemed greater than it was. At least one of them is bad enough without the aggravation of alcohol any more accessible than it has been.

That the passion for the camera may be of the London plan from his experience in Eng-

That the passion for the camera may deep enough to make its victim oblivious to certain important considerations is known, and the number of celebrities who have complained of the annoyance caused by it affords ample testimony of that. An amusng instance of the kodak's influence has come all the way from Porto Rico. An officer in one of New York's volunteer regiments carried his camera along with him and did not abandon it even when the officers of his regiment, along with some officers among the regulars went out to meet the Spanish officers of a certain town to arrange the terms of surrender. The parley proceeded amicably and seemed certain to be brought to a satisfactory conclusion in a short time. Just before the proceedings were to come to an end one of the Spanish officers suddenly showed signs of great excitement and communicated it to his comrades rapidly. It was then that the Americans for the first time discovered the volunteer officer absorbed in adjusting his camera in order to get the best possible view of the group. Before they had time to interfere and explain the harmlessness of the instrument there were a few moments of extreme uncertainty and all the way from Porto Rico. An officer in one the harmlessness of the instrument there were a few moments of extreme uncertainty and anxiety. If the settlement of the episode had not been ultimately satisfactory, the camera might have deserved to be called something more than an occasional nulsance.

The lively incident in the Gilsey House on Wednesday might have been expected there at any time previous to the proprietor's recent ukase which expelled the prizefighters, agents, backers and touts who used to occupy the red velvet cushions from 5 to 7 in the afternoons and impress themselves in no inconsiderable manner on the aspect of the hotel office. Strangers coming into the hotel always wondered at the curious collection of men usually engaged in the discussion of some apparently serious question. When the proprietor rebelled against the daily gathering and compelled them to select another hotel as the scene of their afternoon deliberations, only the notabilities of the profession returned regularly and were allowed to avail themselves of all accommodations the hotel offered. They were undoubtedly more profitable patrons than the former representatives of the ring. The latter usually confined themselves to the office lounges and rurely patronized the bar, but they were never responsible for any such exciting episode as the meeting between Mr. Corbett and Mr. McCoy. During the time of their regular attendance at the hotel, active disturbances of the peace were rare. They were only arranged for. But when only two nuglists were left, and they the most conspicuous in the public eye, the trouble began. Strangers coming into the hotel always won-

The former Ada Dare, who has married the son of a wealthy brewer, was always proud of her resemblance to Lillian Russell, and was once selected to play in a local burlesque a char acter which was supposed to represent the singer. For this part Miss Dare was chosen rather on account of her personal beauty than her powers as an actress. Long after it was believed that she was to marry Frank Ehret she continued to appear on the variety stage giving two performances a day under circumstances unlikely to add to her reputation and certainly not of a kind to diminish the labor of her profession. That she should continue in her profession with so wealthy a husband in prospect was incomprehensible to those persons who were not aware of the attractiveness which stage life adds to the young woman admired by the set in which Mr. Ehret moves, These young men find a fascination in the fact that a pretty woman is on the stage, even if she be only in the chorus. So Miss Dare continued to act in two shows a day even with the prospect of millions in sight. Apart from this admiration which her devotion to art excited. Miss Dare had other evidences of her present husband's devotion as well as of his wealth. It was said when their engagement was first announced that she had been engaged to another admirer and received from him many valuable presents. In order that there should be some compensation for her loss, Mr. Ehret is said to have paid in full the cost of all these jewels, for which he asked a bill that should omit none of them. He got the bill and paid it.

Some knowledge about New York that was the giving two performances a day under circum

Some knowledge about New York that was the property of a comparative few can be got out of guide book recently published and treating of New York city with the same scientific thoroughness that it tells of foreign cities. An es-timate of New York compared with the other great cities of the world, so far as the facts great cities of the world, so far as the facts contained in a guide book are concerned, could not be better acquired. It is naturally to the list of familiar resorts that one turns first in the hope of getting an outside opinion of New York's attractions. In the list of restaurants the greatest difference is to be found. One guide book mentions in its list places well known here and others in remote localities which New Yorkers who set out to find a restaurant are not likely to explore. Only those mentioned are recommended, and some that are totally unknown to the man who thinks himself familiar with this side of New York life are recommended highly by means of the customary signs. A study of the names is snough to give the blass man a new list of resorts.

DAVID J. HILL THE MAN.

THE OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRE TARY OF STATE OFFERED HIM.

President McKinley Cables the Offer to Holland, Where Dr. Hill Is Sojourning-He Was President of the University of Rochester Up to 1895, and Is an LL, D. Washington, Oct. 3.—President McKinley sent a cable message to-day to David Jayne Hill, LL. D., former President of the University of Rochester, asking him to accept the office of Assistant Secretary of State made vacant by the resignation of John Bassett Moore of Delaware to become Secretary of the Peace Commission. Dr. Hill is in Amsterdam, Holland, with his family. For the past year and a half he has been in Paris attending lectures on ininternational law at the Ecole des Sciences et Politique. He went abroad after resigning from the Presidency of Rochester University. Dr. Hill has made an exhaustive study of international law and diplomatic history, with a view, it is said, of fitting himself for a diplomatic career. He began the study of the languages while in Washington several years ago, and has paid special attention to French as the

language of diplomacy.

President McKinley first gave consideration to Dr. Hill's name several weeks ago, but did not decide to offer him the place until he had asked the advice of Secretary Hay. The latter knew Dr. Hill, and was glad to know that the President wanted to appoint him as Secretary Hay's right-hand man. Just how the appointment came to be made, however, cannot be ascertained. It is said that Dr. Hill was sug-gested by Secretary Bliss. He did some cam-paign work for the Republican party in 1896. He is said to be a man of means. The Assistant Secretaryship pays \$4,500 a year.

He is said to be a man of means. The Assistant Secretaryship pays \$4,500 a year.

Dr. David J. Hill, in November, 1895, resigned the Presidency of the University of Rochester. The following January, at the request of a committee of the Rochester Chamber of Commerce, he was induced to defer his answer to a petition to remain at the head of the institution. The Chamber of Commerce at that time endeavored to raise an endowment fund of \$100,000 for the university, but the effort was not successful and Dr. Hill retired from the Presidency the following June. Dr. Hill was born June 10, 1850, in Plainfield, N.M. Heig the son of the Bev. Daniel T. Hill, a Baptist minister. He prepared for college at Suffield, Conn., and Cooperstown, N. Y. In August, 1870, when 20 years of age, he entered the University of Lewisburg, now Bucknell University, and at the age of 24 graduated as the valedictorian of his class. Immediately after graduating he was made tutor in ancient languages in the university, and in 1877 he was elected "Crozer professor in rhetoric." In the same year he published "The Science of Rhetoric," an advanced text book for colleges. This book was soon adopted for use in the University of Michigan, Vassar, and other colleges. This was soon followed by "The Elements of Rhetoric." an elementary text book, prepared for beginners, and is now used in every State in the Union. In 1879 he began a series of brief biographies of American authors similar to Morley's "English Men of Letters." He completed in this series two volumes on Irving and Bryant. In March, 1879, he was elected to the Presidency of the university at Lewisburg, to succeed the Rev. Justin R. Loomis, I.L. D., who, on account of his age and failling health, resigned in favor of Dr. Hill. In 1894 Madison University conferred unon him the degree of Isl., D. In 1885 he published a treatise on the "Principles and Fallacies of Socialism," and later an analytic recasting for use in schools and colleges of "Jevon's Elements of Loogic." In 1887 he was elected Pre

DR. NANCY GUILFORD ARRAIGNED. She Fainted Before Being Taken to the Courtroom-Remanded for a Week. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR.

LONDON, Oct. 3 .- Dr. Nancy Guilford was arraigned to-day before Magistrate Lushing-ton in the Bow Street Police Court in extradition proceedings upon the charge of having been an accomplice in manslaughter in the killing of Miss Emma Gill of Southington. Conn. The courtroom was crowded, and the interest taken in the case was very great. The accused woman looked pale and careworn. She wore black gloves, a small bonnet, an Astrakhan cape, and a fancy blouse of brown satir with green and red stripes. She was defended by Solicitor Harry Wilson of the firm of Wilson & Wallace. A representative of the United States Embassy was present.

Before coming into court Dr. Guilford wa seized with a fainting fit, and it was necessary to apply smelling salts to revive her. Inspector Froest of Scotland Yard, one of the men who arrested Dr. Guilford, testified that

the accused woman, when arrested on Saturday, exclaimed: This is an outrage. The charge is untrue I will see counsel.'

Inspector Froest produced a letter found in the room occupied by Dr. Guilford in the Harrington square boarding house, from which all of the names and addresses had been torn. Sergt. Harris deposed that he found in Dr. Guilford's room some silver spoons, a sur-

mark "Dr. G.," a gold thimble inscribed "A. G. from F." and a silver thimble marked A. G." He also found a number of drugs and powders in bottles, and two handkerchiefs with the corners cut out. Inspector Lamothe described the arrival of

the woman at Liverpool, her flight, pursuit and arrest. Dr. Guilford was remanded for one week.

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Washington, Oct. 3.—The State Department has been informed by the United States Embassy in London of the arrest of the woman supposed to be Dr. Nancy Guilford, wanted in Bridgeport for the murder of Miss Emma Gill. The despatch said that the woman denied her identity, but was being held pending identification and the production of evidence that would justify her extradition to the United States.

The Connecticut authorities have been informed and the State Department is awaiting the arrival of an agent of the State with the necessary evidence. This agent will be designated as a Federal officer by President McKinley, in order that he may have authority to bring Mrs. Guilford to this country.

BRIDGEFORT, Conn., Oct. 3.—State's Attorney Fessenden decided to-day that he would summon the Grand Jury and have Mrs. Guilford indicted for murder instead of charging her with manslaughter. The extradition treaty between this country and Great Britain provides that a person extradited to this country from Great Britain shall not be tried for any other offence than the one upon which the extradition papers are granted. Under the law of this State the accused can be convicted of the crime of manslaughter under an indictment for murder.

MEASURES AGAINST ANARCHISTS.

The Powers Agree to Take Action-Inter national Conference to Be Held. Special Cable Despatch to THE BUN.

LONDON, Oct. 3,-A despatch to the Central News from Rome says that the interchanges of opinion between the powers in regard to international measures against Anarchists have resulted in expressions favorable to such action all of the powers agreeing to the proposal. An international conference will accordingly be summoned to meet in Rome to discuss the steps to be taken in the matter of common antianarchistic action.

Queen Regent as Arbitrator Between Chili and Peru.

Special Cable Desputch to The Sun.
MADRID. Oct. 3.—Queen Regent Cristina has accepted an invitation to act as ar-bitrator in the dispute between Chili and Peru regarding the possession of the provinces of Tarapaca and Tacua, which were ceded by Peru to Chili after the Peruvian-Chilian war for a reported term of ten years. Her Majesty will decide the conditions of the plebiscite, to which it was agreed at the end of

M. Vervoort Challenges M. de Pressense

the war to submit the question.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUS. LONDON, Oct. 3 .- A despatch from Paris to a local news agency says that M. André Vervoort, editor-in-chief of the Jour, has challenged M. de Pressense, who published an article reflecting upon M. Vervoort in yesterday's issue of the Aurore.

The Riverside Bowling Club has been reorganized with the following members: R. H. Heep, E. Ebling, H. Fibling, D. Gray, F. J. Richim, Wm. Ludewig, R. Merten, G. Schinston, G. R. Merten, G. Schinston, G. R. Merten, G. Schinston, G. R. Merten, G. R. Mennen, President; Robert Mehl, Vice-Freeident; Adolph Jaeger, Treasurer; George Mehl, Secretary; J. Ruhlwein, Captain; Charles Jaeger, Betgeend-Schinston, G. R. Merten, R. Mert

Tuesday& Wednesday Oct. 4th & 5th.

Sale of Ribbons.

6,500 yards,

Fancy Bayadere,

Colors: White, Cream, Pink, Light Blue, Torquoise, Nile, Lavender, Violet, Reine, Royal Blue, Cardinal, Brown, Navy and Black,

21/2 in. wide, 18c. per yd. 41/2 " " 28c, " "

value 35c. & 45c. 7-inch. Colors: White, Cream, Pink,

Light Blue, Cardinal & Black. 48 cts. per yard,

Lord & Taylor. Broadway & 20th St.



for experiments or mistakes when you \$ buy these Black Emerald Kid Shoes Some thousands of our

customers know them as the easiest, the dressiestthe best in all respects of all the good shoes we make. Winter Weights, \$5.50

153 BROADWAY, New Singer Bidg., 365 BROADWAY, corner Franklin St. 1263 BROADWAY, bet. 81st & 824 Sts.

1455 BROADWAY, bet. 41st & 42d Sts. BROOKLYN-367 and 506 Fulton St.

PHILADELPHIA-728 Chestnut St. Agencies throughout the United States. TWO POLICEMEN KNOCKED OUT.

They Got the Worst of a Fight with Tought in a Harlem Saloon Policeman Gordon and Detectives Shaw and Butler of the West 125th street station had a pattle royal with a gang of toughs in a saloon, at 112th street and the Boulevard, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. For some time the police have been watching the place. Early yesterday Gordon attempted to make an arrest there, but was beset by the gang and beaten so badly that he was reported on sick leave last night. Butler went to his resoue, and, tripping, fell to the floor. He was kicked and beaten, and one of his assailants struck him on the head with an empty beer bottle, knocking him unconscious. unconscious.

Later the names blown in the bottle were plainly visible on Butler's forehead. He says his life was saved by the interference of a man and woman who were passing the place and heard the noise.

A SCHOONER'S PERILOUS TRIP.

The Evolution, with a Cargo of Salt, Eightyone Days from Liverpool to Halifax.

HALIPAX, N. S., Oct. 3.-The three-masted chooner Evolution, owned in St. John, N. B., arrived to-night from Liverpool with a cargo of salt, after a perilous voyage of eighty-one days. No sooner had she left Liverpool, on July 14, than the vessel encountered a series of gales culminating, on Sept. 4, in a hurricane, which carried away part of the rigging and started her leaking. It was all the crew could do by constant work at the pumpa to keep the water down.
The sait became saturated and much of it

The sait became saturated and much of its was jettisoned to assist in keeping the vessel afloat. The voyage was so long that provisions and water almost ran out and the crew had to go on short allowance.

When the Evolution put in to-night the crew were exhausted from overwork and lack of sufficient food. They could not have held out much longer.

Appointments by the President. WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 .- The President to-day made the following appointments: made the following appointments:

Joseph E. Lee, Collector of Internal Revenue, district of Florida.

George H. Green, United States Marshal, district of Texas.

Navy—Lieutenant-Commanders John E. Pilisburg and William H. Beeder to be Commanders; Passed Assistant Engineer Frank W. Bartiett, to be ohist engineer and acting gunner; Myles Joyce, to be gunner.

If we knew how to make better. Overcoats. we would gladly doso, as nothing is too good for

our customers. Special Values. Fall Overcoats of black Thibet for

evening wear, \$12. Fall Overcoats, same as above, but

full silk lined, \$16. Fall Overcoats of covert cloth, in popu-

lar shades and full silk lined, \$18. Fall Top-Coats, short and boxy, made from finest quality of light dress covert

cloth, \$22. Fall Overcoats of black unfinished worsted, silk lined and faced to the

edge, \$25. Our Custom Department

grows in favor daily. HACKETT, CARHART

& CO.,

Cor. 13th St., Cor. Canal St., Near Chambers.

Broadway,

shadowed the result there were few lively contests, the rival candidates having meantime entered into combinations to upset the slates. These were the successful candidates: Third District—George J. Hardy, Pourth—David F. Davis.
Fifth—Horar L. Brackett.
Sixth—William H. Ziegler.
Seventh—Edward Schlouter.
Eighth—Henry Marchall.
Ninth—Julius L. Wieman.
Mr. Wieman was the only one of the three Bepublican Senators who received a renomination, Senator Wray having got a setback at the primaries and Senator Brush not having any desire to return to Albany. shadowed the result there were few lively con-A Small-Hopes Civil Service Examination One hundred candidates for places as Post Office clerks or carriers underwent a civil ser-Bowling Notes.